Lilium album, Offic. Ger. Emac. Lilium album outgars, J. B. White Lilly. It is fown in Gardens, flowering in June. The Root, Seed, and Flowers are used. The Root is feldom internally used, but often applied for softening and ripening of Tumors, for removing Corns of the Feet, being mixed with old Lard, for mollifying the Pudenda in Labour, and for Burns, and the like Case. The Seeds exhibited in Vervain-water are good to facilitate the Birth. The Flowers are emollient, suppling, and anodyne.

Lilium rubrum, Mont. Ind. Hemerocallis, Offic. Lilium aureum, Ger. Emac. Lilium purpureo croccum majus, C. B. P. Red Lilly. It is cultivated in Gardens, flowering in June and July. The Roots and Leaves are pied. The Root drank, or made into a Pessary with Honey and Wool, expels Water and Blood. The Leaves bruised mitigate Inflammations of the Breafts, contracted after Child-hirth, and Inflammations of the Eyes. The Root and Leaves are successfully applied by Way of Cataplain to Burns.

Lilium montanum minus, Ger. Emac. Martagon, Offic. Lilium floribus reflexis, montanum, C. B. P. Martagon, or Turks Cap. It is cultivated in Gardens, flowering in June. The Root which is used, is substituted, in our Shops, in the Room of the Yellow Asphodel. The common People hang it about the Necks of Infants, to facilitate Dentition.

Lilium Convallium, Offic. Lilium Convallium flore albo, Park. Lilly of the Valley. It is found in Woods and shady Places, flowering in Mays. The Flowers are used, which are efteem'd cephalic; and are principally used in cold Diforders of the Head, as the Apoplexy, Palfy, Vertigo, Epilepfy, and in fainting Fits.

Limbria malus, Offic. Park. Theat. Malus Limonia acida, C. B. P. Li-

mon valgarit, Tourn. Inft The Lemon Tree: It grows in Italy and Spain. The Fruit is used, which is cooling, and grateful to the Stomach, allaying Thirst, and promoting an Appetite, and is good for both common, malignant and pestilential Fevers. Lemons provoke Urine, and the Juice being mixed with Salt of Wormwood stops Vomiting, and strengthens the Stomach. Of late Years, the Juice of Lemons, perfectly neutralized with Salt of Wormwood, has been very much given in Fevers, and with very good Riffect, in the Quantity of about half an Ounce, repeated at due Intervals.

Limonium, Sea Lavender. This is already taken Notice of under the

Article Behen rubrum.

Linaria, Offic. Linaria lutea vulgaris, Ger. Emac. Linaria vulgaris lutea, flore majore, C. B. P. Toadr Flax. It grows upon Banks and Hedges, flowering in June and July. The Herb is used, which is discretic, and is principally used in the Jaundice, Dropsy, Obstructions of the Liver, and in a Difficulty of Urine. It is accounted an excellent Remedy for the Piles; and an Ointment made of it is used with Success externally in the same Complaints.

Linaria, Cymbalaria dicta, Raii Hist. Cymbalaria, Offic. Linaria bederacco folio glabro, feu Cymbalaria vulgaris, Tourn. Inst. Ivyleaved Toad Flax. It is found a bout old Walls and Quarries. The Herb is used, which is of an aftringent Nature, and in Italy this Herb is used in the Room of the Umbilicus Veneris, and is said to have the same medicinal Virtues ascrib'd to it.

Lingua Cervina, Phyllitis, Offic.
Phyllitis five Lingua Cervina valgaris, Park. Harts l'ongue. It grows
in shady Places, and among Stone
Buildings. The Leaves are used,
and are principally recommended in a

tumi-

tumified Spleen, and for a Spitting of Blood. Externally apply'd it * deanles Wounds and Ulcers. Exhibited in Powder, it is good for the Palpitation of the Heart, for a Suffocation of the Uterus, and for Convalue Motions. Boiled in Wine it is good for the Bite of a mad Dog, and Obstructions of the Viscera. is also given in the Rickets and to scorbutic Habits.

Linum, Offic. Linum satioum, C. B. P. Flax. It is fown in Fields, flowering in June. The Seed is used, which is usually called Linseed, and is digetting, emollient, and ripening, and is principally recommended in Coughs, Pleurifics and Confumptions. Externally apply'd it ripens Tumors, mitigates Pains, and expels the Fœtes. Flax infused in Water, as in Ponds or Rivers, as it is practifed in order to rot the Stem, and procure the Bark for mechanical Uses, communicates to the Water a very poiionous Nature, infomuch that Cattle, which drink of it die; and the Fish in such Waters, are poison'd. The Seed of this Plant, afford an excellent Medicine, fince from them is expressed an Oil, which is anodyne, demulcent, and extremely adapted to all Manner of Asperities; it relaxes, and involves Acidities, whence it is of extraordinary Service in the most desperate Colics. stiff and rigid Limbs, being anointed with this Oil, are relaxed and render'd flexible. This Oil, when fresh drawn, and taken at the Mouth, is very good in a Pleurify, and a Cough, to help Expectoration; and, injected in Clysters, is very proper in the Hamorrhoids, and indurated Fœces, whence proceeds the Colic; mixed with sealed and Japan Earth, it is a great Arcanum in the Dysentery, and 132 very good Remedy in the Stone: This Oil boiled with Honey, clears the Skin and Pace of Spots, and all cutaneous Blemishes.

Linum Catharticum, Offic. Linum fylwestre Catharticum, Ger. Emac. Linum pratense flosculis exiguis, C. B. P. Purging Flax or Mill Mountain. It grows upon dry, hilly and chalky Places, flowering in June and July. The Herb is used, which is posses'd of a Cathartic Quality. It cures Tertians, and is recommended in the I once knew an Instance of a Man, who took a Purge from a Quack, of an Infusion of this Plant; which in a few Hours, fwell'd him to such a Degree, that his ordinary Cloaths were not by much sufficient to cover him; and it was with some Difficulty, that he was recovered by more gentle Evacuations.

Liquid-Ambar, Offic. C. B. P. Xochiocotzo Quahuitl, seu Arbor Liquid-Ambarum Indicum, Hern. Styrax Aceris folio, Raii Hist. Pla-tanus Virginiama Styracem fundens. Herm. Par. Bad. Prod. Liquid Amber. It grows in Virginia, New-Spain, and other Places in the West-Indies. The Part used is the Resin, which is a fat Liquid Substance, of the Confistence of Venice Turpentine, Yellow, inclining to Red, of an acrimonious Taste, aromatic and fragrant. It heats and moistens, resolves and opens Obstructions; and is an Emollient and Ripener. Its principal Use is in Obstructions and Hardness of the Womb, in hard Tumours, &c. It is employ'd in Suffumigations, and the Hernander fays, that this Balfam distils from a Tree, either spontaneously, or from a Wound. Some break up the Branches into small Bits, and boiling them, skim off the Oil that rifes on the Liquor, which they fell for the true Balfam; and this Liquor is thought by some to be the liquid Storax commonly fold by the Apothecaries and Druggists.

Liquiritia, Liquorice. This is already taken Notice of under the Article Glycirrbiza.

The Leaves are applied to Corns, and the Knots of the Gout. A Pint of the Juice of this Plant is an excellent Remedy for founder'd Horses. The Leaves stripped of their outer Membrane, and macerated in Water, are commended in burning Fevers, Inflammations, Gangrenes, and Suppurations of the Stomach, and Intestines, and for Aphthæ. The Africans give ten Ounces of the new expressed Juice in a Dysentery; and with the fame, cure not only this Disease, but all pestilential, and spotted Fevers. It is also, a very good Plant, for correcting the Malignity of the worst Kind of Ulcers.

Sedum minus, Offic. Sedum minus terctifolium album, C. B. P. Vermicularis flore albo, Park. Theat. Small House-leek. It grows upon Walls and old Buildings, flowering in June. The Herb is used, which agrees in

Virtues with the preceding.

Another Species of Sedum, is the Hlecebra, Offic. Sempervivum minus vermiculatum acre, C. B. P. Sedum parvum acre flore lateo, J. B. Wall Pepper. It grows on Walls and old Buildings, flowering in July. Herb is used. It discusses Struma's, and is a very acrid and hot Plant. The Juice, taken with some proper Liquor, excites Vomiting, and powerfully brings away pituitous and bilious Humours; whence it is of great Use in Quartans. It is also esteem'd a good Antiscorbutic. Externally applied, it makes the Skin red, excites Blifters, and exulcerates. Sedum Cepea dietum, Tourn. Inft. Cepea, Offic. C. B. P. Base Orpine. It is fown in Gardens, flowering in the Summer. The Herb is used. The Leaves, exhibited in Wine. cure the Strangury, and the Scabies of the Bladder.

Selinum sigetale, Ossic Selinum Sii foliis, Ger. Emac. Sium arwense, sve sigetale, Tourn. Inst. Hone-Wort. It grows among Corn, slaw-

ering in the Summer. The Herb is used, which is greatly recommended for Tumors.

Sempervivum. See Sedum.

Simen. A Seed. The four greater hot Seeds, are those of Anife; Caraway, Cumin, and Fennel.

The four smaller hot Seeds, are those of Bishops-Weed, Amonum, A-

pium, and Daucus.

The four greater cold Seeds, are those of the Citrul, Cucumber, Gourd, and Melon.

The four leffer cold Seeds, are Succery, Endive, Lettuce, and Par-flans. For the Virtues of all these Seeds, see them under their respective Articles.

Senecio. Groundsel, or Simson.

See Erigerum.

Senecio Afiaticus, Jacobææ folio, radice lignofa, China Officinarum dilla nobis, Boerh. Ind. Alt. Pfendo China, China Supposita, Offic. Parin Chakka, Act. Philosoph. Lond. Baffard China. It grows in Malabar. This is the Plant, which some Years ago, was fent to the English Bast-India Com. pany at London, under the Name of Parin Chakka Malabarica, by Samuel Brown. Mr. Ingram of Newcafile, was cured by it of a Hectic Fever, under which he had laboured many Years, as we are inform'd by Dr. Dillenius, in his Hortus Elthamenfis, and who also says, that it is called China Root in Madraspatan, and that it is two Feet in Heighth, and has a Root like that of China. Some Specimens of this Plant were prefented by the Company, to the Royal Society at London, and publish'd in the Philosophical Transactions, for the Year 1702, No. 274, with Obfervations. A few Years after, the famous G. Commelin, M. D. was prefented with the same Plant, and published a Description of it, in Hert. Medic. Amftelod. under the Name of Senecio Afraticus, Justina, et the dice lignofa, China Offic. dilla, et the Senecio Afraticus, Jacobææ folio, ra-